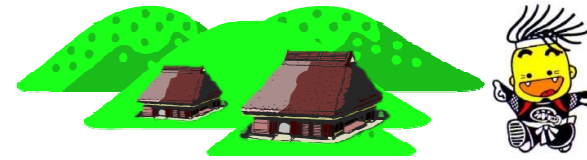


## Information about the facilities

This number corresponds to the number assigned to each facility.



①	<b>Merchant's House</b>	It sold daily necessities and liquors and also functioned as an inn.
②	<b>The Kanno's House</b>	Thatched house for the village head. It was designated as an important cultural property by the Japanese Government in 1965.
③	<b>Hohjuin Hall</b>	This hall was used by mountain priests called Yamabushi for ascetic practices. Built in 1835. Reconstructed in 1985.
④	<b>Tearasaka Checkpoint House</b>	During the Edo era, this building was used to inspect travelers at the border of Nambu and Sendai feudal domain.
⑥	<b>The Oizumi's House and The Watanabe's Gate</b>	This house belonged to a SAMURAI. It had two doors according to ranks. This gate was a symbol of authority for a SAMURAI.
⑦	<b>Iwate Prefectural Kurosawajiri Girls' High School</b>	This school building, built in 1927, is now used as the Folk Museum, where various objects illustrating local life style are on display. It is characterized by its semiwestern style.
⑨	<b>The Sugawara's House</b>	This is a farmhouse in the heavy snowfall district near Akita Prefecture. To prevent the roof from collapsing in winter, it is characterized by its high and thick eaves.
⑭	<b>The Sasaki's House</b>	This is a farmhouse growing tobacco leaves. To properly dry the leaves, the house was built to be well ventilated with few partitions.
⑰	<b>The Hoshikawa's House</b>	This house was L-shaped because horses were regarded as members of the family and had to be seen from the main house.
⑪	<b>Ascent Kiln (Heian Era)</b>	This is a reconstruction of a kiln found among remains of Heian era. Earthware and tiles produced in this type were of high quality.
⑫	<b>Gangoya Hut</b>	This small warehouse kept funeral necessities. In those days, people regarded death as dirt, so they separated funeral necessities and daily necessities.
⑳	<b>Water Mill</b>	This hut was used for milling and pounding rice or wheat.
㉘	<b>Battari</b>	Battari was a tool used to pound rice by power of water.
㉙	<b>Ferryboat</b>	There were six ferry terminals along the Kitakami River. This ferryboat was used until 1974.

★ **Nambu-Date border barrow ...** After the conflict over a span of 50 years, border barrows were built between two feudal domains in the Edo era. (designated historical site)

? What does "Michinoku" mean? The name "Michinoku" corresponds to these present prefectures : Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, and Fukushima.

